The Toastmaster_

APRIL 1981

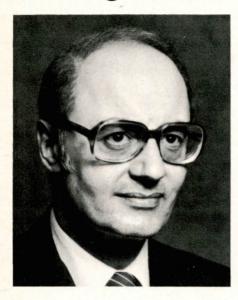






Selling People on Themselves see page 16

Zig Ziglar



Let's Learn from **Each Other**

I like to attend district conferences because, in addition to enjoying the speech contest, I learn a great deal from other Toastmasters, especially at the educational sessions. One memorable occasion featured a talk by a Toastmaster, who was also a psychologist, on the subject of "maturity." To her, the fully mature person is one who retains some positive characteristics of the child: enthusiasm for people, spontaneity, imagination, an unlimited capacity to learn new behavior. She said she has seen these characteristics in many of the people she has met in Toastmasters.

She used the term "emotional wisdom" to describe adults who relate to others effectively. To develop that quality, you must communicate with others in their areas of perception and understanding. The psychologist identified five skills that the emotionally wise person uses in relationships and explained how Toastmasters helps us acquire those skills. They are:

• The ability to accept people as they are, not as you would like them to be. In a way, this can be considered the height of wisdom - to "walk in the shoes" of someone else, to understand what other people are like on their terms rather than judging them. This is the relationship we strive to achieve between speaker and audience at our club meetings.

· The capacity to approach relationships in terms of the present rather than the past. Certainly it is true that we learn from past mistakes. But using the present as a take-off point is more productive —and more psychologically sound — than rehashing things that are over. Our evaluation process is based on that premise. Our evaluators use our latest speech as the take-off point for helping us improve our future efforts.

• The ability to treat those who are close to you with the same courteous attention you extend to strangers. The need for this skill is often most obvious — and sometimes lacking - in our relationships with our families. Often we get so accustomed to seeing and hearing them that we lose our ability to listen to what they are really saying. However, at our club meetings we learn to listen critically, and our constant interaction with other members shows us the positive benefits to be gained from a courteous attitude.

• The ability to trust others, even if the risk seems great. A withholding of trust is often necessary for self-protection. But the price is too high if it means always being on guard, constantly suspicious of others. As soon as we receive our first evaluation for our icebreaker, we become acutely aware of the supportive attitude in our club and learn we can trust others, even when the risk is great.

· The ability not to seek recognition solely for itself. The need for constant approval can be harmful and counterproductive. Emotionally wise people recognize the importance of quality work, which results from personal preparation and collaboration with others. They learn very quickly that we don't have to seek recognition in Toastmasters - through our efforts, it will seek us.

I was impressed with this speaker's thoughts on maturity and her understanding of our program. Her talk alone would have been worth the time investment I made in attending this educational session.

All of our districts are now preparing their spring conferences. District officers are working diligently to bring you an educational experience that will help you become a better communicator and leader. I urge each of you to take advantage of this opportunity. Attend your district conference and, in the true spirit of Toastmasters, learn from each other.

Patrick A. Panfile, DTM International President

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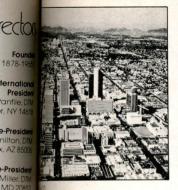
Theodore C.V 908 Cox Avenue, Hyattsvill

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cover

"I believe you can choose from life everything that you want," Zig Ziglar tells his audiences. That's the kind of talk that has made this successful Texas businessman one of the nation's leading motivational speakers. He and a growing number of other motivators are spreading the word that there's no limit to what you can do as long as you believe in yourself. Never before has the speaker with a motivational message been in such demand, Toastmaster Robert B. Tucker writes in this month's cover story. After talking with Ziglar and other top motivational speakers, Tucker illuminates the reasons for their recent surge in popularity and tells how Toastmasters can learn from their success.

usined monthly to promote the ideals and goals of Toastmasters International, an organization devoted to helping its members improve their ability to express wes clearly and concisely, develop and strengthen their leadership and executive potential and achieve whatever self-development goals they may have enseries clearly and concisely, develop and strengthen intell leadership and executive potential and achieve whatever self-development goals they first provide the transfers of the world. The first Toastmasters club was sufficient by Dr. Ralph C. Smedley on October 22, 1924. Toastmasters International was organized October 4, 1930 and incorporated December 19, 1932. This trappolication of Toastmasters international carries authorized notices and articles regarding the activities and interests of the organization, but responsibility is assumed for the opinions of authors of other articles. Second class postage paid at Santa Ana, Colifornia, Copyright 1981 by Toastmasters International, Inc. All traverses and the Toastmasters emblem are registered trademarks of Toastmasters International, Inc. Marca registrada en Mexico. EDNUSA All correspondence relating to editorial content or circulation should be addressed to THE TOASTMASTER Magazine (ISSN 0040-8263), 2200 N ord Aie., P.O. Box 10400, Santa Ana, California 92711. Phone (714) 542-6793. Non-member price: \$9.00 per year. Single copy: 50¢



A Chance to Learn and Enjoy in Johannesburg

When my September issue arrived, the first thing that caught my attention was Toastmaster Carl McDaniel's letter on the Down Under Convention and especially the final paragraph: "We also hope to see many more Americans there."

Indeed, why aren't more Toast-masters from other districts and "U" clubs attending conventions?

District 74 is still young. We only lost the "Provisional" status during 1980, and we would welcome Toastmasters from anywhere in the world to our 1981 conference May 14-16 in Johannesburg.

Arrangements have been made for International President Patrick Panfile and Mrs. Panfile to attend, so why not join them for the occasion?

For more information, write to: Conference 81, Johannesburg Toastmasters Club, P.O. Box 62071, Marshalltown, 2107, South Africa.

> Daniel Zaayman Chairman, Organizing Committee

Steering Speakers Away from Blue Material

I enjoyed Robert Tucker's article on humorous contest judging in the November issue of *The Toastmaster*. He made several excellent points on how to approach the responsible task of judging any contest.

Unfortunately, he did considerable damage to his credibility in the next to last paragraph, when he stated, "To determine when off-color jokes would not be appropriate, the speaker. . ." By his choice of words, he suggests that off-color material is appropriate for our use. In my brief tenure in the Toastmasters program I have always been told that off-color material was not to be used UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES and that the speaker would be scored zero in the language appropriateness section of the judge's score sheet. This was backed by several references to Dr. Smedley's comments on language.

Have we changed our position on the use of off-color material in our program? If so, it would be appropriate to add a manual topic on the development of the bawdy ditty, or perhaps even an advanced manual entitled, "Off Color Topic Development."

For a representative of World Headquarters, I believe Mr. Tucker has done the program a disservice with his choice of words!

> Ray Floyd, DTM Boca Raton, Florida

From the author:

The second to the last paragraph you referred to is preceded by the following paragraph:

"The speaker should avoid using language or references that might be objectionable to a particular audience. Traditionally, Toastmasters have been extremely cautious about using 'blue' material. Our members have long been taught that if a speaker feels even one person in the audience might be offended by a joke, it should not be used. Speech contest participants should be graded down for exercising poor judgment in this area."

In the next paragraph, in no way do I state or imply that Toastmasters International advocates the use of off-color material. What is considered off-color material is a factor of the relationship between speaker and audience. Obviously, what is considered off-color by some is not so considered by others. That is why we place the responsibility for determining that element squarely on the shoulders of the speaker.

The concept of off-color material is a matter of degree and interpretation according to the individual and collective value systems at work in any given audience. Being a Toastmaster, you know that no two audiences are alike in what they consider acceptable. It is not the position of Toastmasters International to be an organizational censor or to attempt the impossible task of describing or defining a norm of what is off-color and what is not. This position in no way violates the Toastmasters credo against the use of off-color material.

Robert Tucker Manager of Education

The Rich Resources of the English Language

I was elated to hear William Buckley's comments on the television program "60 Minutes" on January 18. When confronted with the suggestion that he was snobbish in his use of words, he said, "There is no excuse not to use the richness of the English language." For that I believe Mr. Buckley deserves a letter of plaudit from Toastmasters. Not only that, but we would do well to adopt his reply as a motto in our programs because, as historian Allen Walker Read said, "We face a continuing challenge to enrich our lives by availing ourselves of the incomparable resources of English."

Robert H. Cox Eugene, Oregon

Readers Respond to Psychology and Huma

The February article "Breaking Out of the Verbal Defense Trap" is one of the best I have read in a long time. Along this line, I would appreciate more articles that deal with the psychology of speech and speech delivery.

Keep up your good work in presenting interesting articles.

> Fred Bluestone Fort Lauderdale, Florida

Your February "Footnotes" column — "Finding Our Sense of Humor" — was extremely enjoyable as well as educational. It confirmed an opinion I personally have had for many years: one must be able to laugh at one's self occasionally for the very reason you mentioned — to help keep things in perspective.

I was very impressed by your opening sentence—it revealed a little bit of your "personality," giving mean chance to get to know our editorjus a little better. It was a very good article and I personally am looking forward to reading more from you.

The addition of "Laugh Lines" is something I'm sure many Toast-masters will be looking forward to reading now. These last jokes were very cute and must have touched several Toastmasters one way of another. You involved business people, children, husbands and wives animals and even had humor involving "unfortunate" situations such as being in prison. That took quite a bit of "ingenuity" on your part. Than you for "Laugh Lines" and for a tremendous column.

Sheldon and Lorraine Rikk Indianapolis, Indian

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HOW TO DEVELOP AND USE AN AGENDA

by Elliot M. Fox

n essential element in the exercise of leadership in any operation involving committees, councils, boards or similar groups is an effective agenda. The agenda is a road map, timetable, overview, advertisement and goal-setter to cue the presiding officer, enlist the attention of the members and keep everyone moving in the same direction.

An agenda is almost always necessary, even if it is only in the mind of the chairman. A small, informal meeting may do without a written agenda, but even here it is usually helpful if points to be raised are mentioned at the outset so that members understand the task before them.

The most common practice is to have a prepared agenda available prior to the meeting. It's a good idea, especially if

Agendas are road maps to keep everyone moving in the same direction.

members must travel some distance, to have an agenda, along with the background information required for intelligent discussion, in the hands of members two weeks prior to the meeting. To prepare members for the meeting, the advance agenda should be detailed enough so that everyone will recognize at least the general import of each item, and it should be presented in as interesting a fashion as possible.

Members often use the agenda to help decide whether to attend the meeting. They want to know, frankly, whether it will be worth the trip. Those who must get travel time and expenses from their employers may need an agenda to justify their participation. An informative agenda also leaves members who decide not to come with no grounds for complaint if matters of

importance are decided without them.

The agenda thus functions as a guide during the meeting, a preparation beforehand and an inducement to attend. From the leader's point of view, however, the agenda ought to be a principal focal point of the entire group process. Ideally, it represents the best thinking of the leadership about what the organization ought to be doing. All the conversations and informal discussions and all the formal planning sessions converge in this one gathering place — the preparation of the agenda for the next meeting. It is a strategic point that ties thought to action. It is the point where the items calculated to get the best mileage out of the group are selected for consideration.

In writing an effective agenda, there are three major considerations: content, sequence and style.

Content

A common problem is that agenda content so often seems to choose itself. It is governed by decisions made at previous meetings, issues that in the nature of things must be considered by this group at this time, matters that everyone knows will be of concern to the membership, assignments from supervisory bodies or agencies and the like.

Rather than simply capitulating to the tyranny of compulsory agenda items, an alert leadership will examine and evaluate carefully each item and make judgments on its relative merit. See if there are some actions that can be taken on the authority of the chairman or the staff without using valuable meeting time. Keep the group's blessing by simply announcing that a certain action will be taken if there is no objection. If the leadership understands members' views well enough, chances are there will be no objection, and time will be saved. Care must be taken, of course, to avoid slipping something by for which objections do exist — a ploy

that tends to reduce the credibility of the leadership.

Some items can be set aside and revived at a later meeting. Consult members known to have an interest those subjects and get agreement to postpone or perhaps trim them down

The basic idea, of course, is to have enough time to discuss each issue ad quately, without beating it to death, and to complete everything within time available.

One strategy is to place at the end the agenda those items that would suffer least from being postponed in case there isn't enough time for the However, there is always something little demoralizing about a meeting is adjourned before completing the It leaves an impression of poor organization and lukewarm commitment.

By the same token, there is something satisfying about setting out to a job and then doing it. This factor the works in favor of what is probably to best method of handling a tight agen of Send it out with adequate backgrown material, and include a note saying effect: "There is a lot to do, but were so do it. Inform yourselves and come uprepared."

Groups with uncontrolled agends are like people who are always so be putting out fires that they have not to plan ahead. It is worthwhile to we at minimizing time spent on less impact that issues and making discussions more efficient. In this way, time can made available for discussion of impact to the property of the people of the peop

An active leadership looks ahead stays alert to needed changes and manages the agenda with those chatwain mind. For a long-term program, Thagenda items may be sketched out uniseveral meetings in advance.

Sequence

While agenda content is obvious important, it is easy to overlook the parthat the sequence in which matters use presented for decisions can also afficon the success of the meeting. The moinforce easily matters seem to flow from ann subject to the next, the more managing able the meeting will be.

Put first the things that are most posse accessible to the mind, either because B high interest or ease of handling. It is takes a while for the group to get it is mind in gear. A few easy jobs to stausage with will get the participants in shear of tackle a more substantive problem the jet.

On the other hand, a complexisset to on top of everyone's mind may we which put first if everyone is preoccupied and it and unwilling to pay much attent. In to anything else. However, in that tem some skill on the part of the presidence officer may be required to close the ubjection of the agenda.

treis also a philosophy that
mends squeezing a topic that is
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pally, there are some topics that with by being placed in a sequence so take to the next apply to the next or where one decision makes the tope easier.

tuning an agenda is one of those coperations that may pass quite mixed but, when successful, gives meeting a sense of smoothness,

ccessful meetings flow flexibility, wistay on schedule.

mpetence and significant accomplish-

Style

hestyle or format of an agenda has buspects: heading and main body. Wheading may seem relatively important, and certainly the name of begroup and the date will suffice for a maing in many cases.

However, where the agenda becomes atof an official record, or where it is adto announce meeting details, more applete information is desirable. This formation may already be in an mouncement letter, but papers get applaced, and it's good insurance to appet details in as many places as sole.

Break the information into logical pups laid out in an interesting fation; vary upper- and lower-case spacing and so on.

Once you have a heading that does the job, keep that format. Members will glused to it, will easily recognize which committee they are hearing from and will know where to look for details. In the main body of the agenda, each tem should be written in a way that the ves no doubt as to what the issue is. Subjects that are already well known may require only the briefest mention. On the other hand, if it is proposed that

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the number of meetings be increased, an item that says, "Approval of meeting schedule," is not as helpful as one that says, "Proposal to increase number of meetings from two to four each year." The basic rule here is that items should be brief and understandable.

Related items may be put in outline form, showing subtopics that need to be considered in support of the main decision. In special cases, consider an "annotated agenda," something like an annotated bibliography — a title followed by a three- or four-line description of the question to be decided. Whatever helps members to organize their thoughts in a meaningful way will eventually pay dividends in more efficient operation.

Another thing the agenda should convey is a sense of timing. One method is to put a time designation on each item in the program:

- 9:00 Introductory remarks.
- 9:10 Report of Program Subcommittee on guest speakers for the balance of the year; review and approve proposed program.
- 9:30 Proposal to study subject X;
 discussion and decision.

- 10:00 Break.

This format serves notice that time is important and that the leadership intends to meet all the objectives of the meeting. It works quite well where you have a series of set speeches or reports.

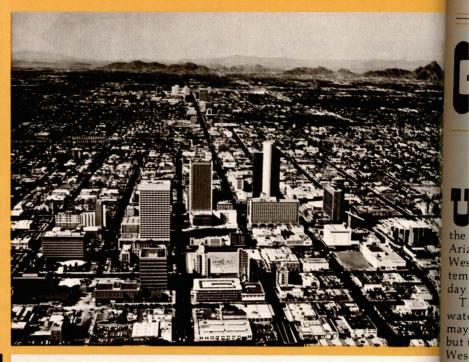
Where discussions leading to decisions are the order of the day, however, estimating times with precision is quite impossible, and setting down times that are not adhered to makes a slipshod impression. For this reason some people prefer to group several items in the morning and others in the afternoon.

Such a format conveys the message that work will be done on schedule but allows for some internal flexibility. It is still a very good idea, however, for the presiding officer to keep in mind a tentative target time for each item and to move things along as the target time is approached or passed.

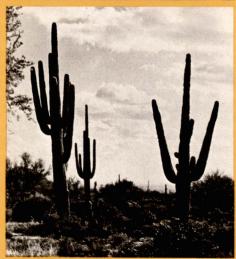
The committee or club meeting is a central fact of association life, and the agenda is the central device for planning and managing a good meeting. An effective agenda is an instrument of effective leadership.

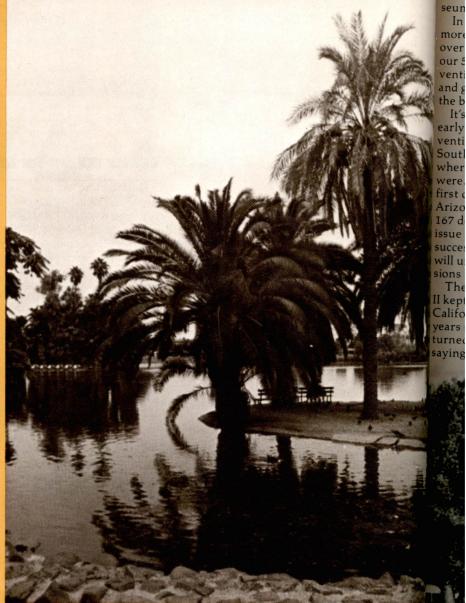
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Discover the beauty and charm of the West in Phoenix — the site of Toastmasters' 50th Annual International Convention.









O FOR THE GOLD

by Alan L. LaGreen

Inder cloudless skies that turn a brilliant red at sunset, at the foot of Camelback Mountain in Walley of the Sun, lies Phoenix, was, where the history of the Old stilends proudly with the conwarry sophistication of a modern-

The pistol-packing cowboys, saloons, the ping troughs and warpath Indians whe gone from this frontier land, when the flavor and romance of the Old stremains — preserved in mu-

his metropolis of the sun belt, with an 1000 Toastmasters from all of the world will "go for the gold" at 150th Annual International Contion. Many conventions have come done, but 1981 will undoubtedly be whestever.

It's a homecoming of sorts — in the any days of Toastmasters the contentions were largely local affairs in Southern California since that was where the bulk of clubs and members were. In 1938, the organization held its instrumention outside California — in Anizona (Tucson, to be exact) — with wind delegates. The November 1938 were of The Toastmaster reported, "So concessful was the experiment that it will undoubtedly lead to other excursions to distant points."

The travel restrictions of World War Elepthe convention back in Southern California until 1946, and in all the Parsince, Toastmasters hasn't returned to Arizona. So, it goes without spring that the Toastmasters of District

3 are looking forward to showing off Phoenix and Arizona.

Early History

Visitors to our 50th convention will experience the heritage of the Old West, delight in the expanse of the New West and marvel at the beauty of both. There's much to see in Phoenix and a lot of history to experience.

The first settlers in the Valley of the Sun (the Phoenix/Scottsdale area) were

You'll experience the rich heritage of the Old West.

the Hohokam Indians, farmers who cultivated the desert by diverting the Salt River into a system of irrigation canals. The Hohokams vanished more than 600 years ago, but in 1867 when the modern city's founders raised their crops (for the U.S. Calvary), they got their water from the very same canals—through repairs and enlargements.

This was the renaissance from which Phoenix got its name, but it is doubtful that even the natives imagined their city would grow as fast as it did. The Salt River, which accounts for the city's birth, doesn't look very impressive as you cross its wide, sandy bed. There's no water much of the year; it's all stored in dams up in the canyons or sliding down the irrigation canals that fan out across the valley.

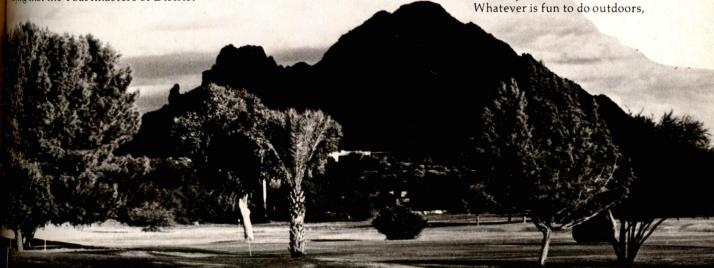
Places to Go

While the convention keeps everyone busy, you'll have time to explore and enjoy this city during the warm days and cool nights. (Don't hold us to this forecast, but the National Weather Service's average daytime temperature for Phoenix in August is 102°; the nighttime average is only 76°.)

For your first taste of the wonders to be found in the Valley of the Sun, visit the South Mountain Park in Phoenix. Truly representative of Arizona desert beauty, the park offers 40 miles of hiking and saddle trails for a close look at native plants and animals. Picnickers are welcome and horses can be rented from the numerous stables at the park's entrance.

If you're not quick enough to see the jackrabbits as they dart about the desert foliage, you'll surely catch a glimpse when you visit the Phoenix Zoo, located in the colorful Papago Park. More than 1200 animals roam in native habitat displays in what is the most extensive privately funded zoo in the U.S.

As long as you're at the Zoo, why not stop by the Desert Botanical Gardens, also in Papago Park. Here, you can wander amid the beauty of the desert and see more than a thousand different cacti and other unusual plants from the world's arid lands in a natural desert setting. Plant life from our desert Southwest, Mexico, Central and South America display the amazingly different ways in which these plants have adapted to the hot, waterless climates in which they are found.



there's plenty of opportunity to do it in the Valley of the Sun — horseback riding, back-packing, water sports, golf, skeet shooting, tennis, ballooning, sailplaning, skating and even surfing. (At Big Surf in nearby Tempe, you will find the world's only landlocked surfing facility.)

Cultural Attractions

There was a time when culture and entertainment in the desert meant tapping your foot to the tune of a player piano and a chorus of dance hall girls. But the growth of Phoenix in recent years has brought with it a new sophistication that even the most urban of cowboys will enjoy. Step inside the museums, theaters, galleries and playhouses and you'll be treated to some of the finest collections of art — and artifacts — in the country.

The Heard Museum is the pride of Phoenix. Built in 1929, it displays one of America's most priceless permanent exhibits of primitive art. As you enter the hacienda, arched white walkways transform the city environment into the hushed past and culture of the Southwest. Inside, three levels of galleries surround a brick courtyard filled with orange trees.

Within the museum you will see works from 45 different countries and six continents. Delight in the Barry Goldwater Kachina Collection, the largest display of Kachina dolls in the world; the Read Mullan Navajo Textile Collection, a magnificent and colorful selection of rugs and blankets; the Fred Harvey Fine Arts Collection, the finest

assemblage of Spanish Colonial materials.

If the Heard Museum leaves the art lover hungry for more, a visit to the Phoenix Art Museum should satisfy the craving. There you will find permanent collections including paintings, sculpture and decorative arts from the 15th through 20th Centuries.

Eighteenth Century French painting and Contemporary and Oriental arts are emphasized. West American art reflecting the awesome beauty of the desert Southwest is, of course, a specialty.

On the north side of Phoenix stands the old Ellis-Shackleford home, an

Growth has brought a new sophistication to this desert mecca.

example of an early 20th Century Phoenix mansion. Today it serves as the headquarters for the Arizona Historical Society. The museum features a look at the city's history, a costume gallery, a mine tunnel and a "touch museum" for children of all ages.

Of interest to many are a pair of attractions somewhat off the beaten path, but well worth seeing if you're interested in architecture. Near Scottsdale, in the Valley, is Taliesin West, Frank Lloyd Wright's monument to himself. It operates today as the home of the Frank Lloyd Wright School of Architecture. The Cosanti Foundation.

also in Scottsdale, is a non-profit institution founded by Paoli Soleri and dedicated to the study of arcology—the marriage of architecture and ecology. At Cosanti, you will see as model of Soleri's city of the future (Arcosanti), which is designed to encompass living and working facilities for 5000 people within a single structure. The full-scale model is located the north in Cordes Junction.

Western Atmosphere

The living is always easy in this desert mecca, and that applies to the dress code, too. Casual clothes are always "in," and sports clothes are acceptable almost anywhere during day. Male visitors to the Valley of the Sun will be delighted to learn that the are almost never worn. Startled die in some western restaurants have had their ties clipped by good-natur waiters. Evening wear can be casual little dressier, depending on the our sion. Nights are sometimes chilly, advisable to bring along a light was sweater.

Wherever you go in the Phoenix-Scottsdale area, you're never far fin good meal. There are restaurants wallad bars a half a block long and the size of platters.

An added attraction is the unique decor featured in so many of the load dining establishments. Many restarants, of course, sport a western must but you can also spend an evening "coal mine," a "railroad station" or a French "chalet." The choices are varied as the cuisine, ranging from gourmet entrees to western cooks You'll find — at reasonable prices-Oriental, French, German, Italian, Mexican and American all-time favorites. One thing never varies, ever — the excellence of the food

Stay Awhile

Toastmasters planning to attenty year's convention will want to arrive arly or stay late to explore the research of the desert of the Grand Canyon, Petrified for Painted Desert, Canyon DeChelly Monument Valley. Just a half days drive from Phoenix, you'll find the beautiful red rocks of Oak Creek Canyon. There's Tucson, Flagstall Tombstone, the mining town of Jerome, the Navajo and Hopi resertions and much more.

Start planning your trip to Ariz and the 50th Annual Toastmaster. International Convention now.ltdays of fellowship, fun and South hospitality. Take advantage of sursaver air fares. Make your reserve today and . . . go for the gold!

Alan LaGreen is manager of the Distrib Administration and Programming Dep at World Headquarters.

CONVENIENT CONNECTIONS TO PHOENIX

Phoenix is a short plane trip from most parts of the nation with convenient non-stop service to most major cities. If you want to get a close look at the desert scenery of Arizona, drive or take the train to the convention. If you make your travel plans now, you can take advantage of excursion and groupfare discounts.

• By Air — Most of the nation's major carriers serve Phoenix — including American, Braniff, Continental, Delta, Eastern, Frontier, Northwest Orient, PSA, Republic, TWA, U.S. Air and Western Airlines. Members outside the U.S. will find convenient connections available through Los Angeles, San Francisco,

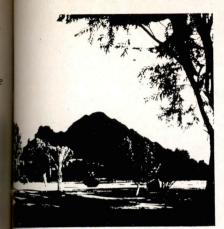
Chicago and New York.

• By Rail — Amtrak's Sunset Limited offers service from Los Angeles, Houston and New Orleans, with connections to and from most parts of the nation.

 By Bus — Motor coach service to Phoenix is provided by Greyhound, Trailways and the Las Vegas-Tonopah-Reno Stage Line.

• By Highway — Phoenix is connected to the nation by several major highways including Interstate 10 (east-west) and 17 (north to Flagstaff).

No matter how you plan to travel, by the time you get to Phoenix, you'll be ready for a great convention!



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Rease have my advance convention registration and tickets to the following meal events waiting for me at the Convention Registration Desk. All advance registrations must reach World Headquarters by July 10. Member Registrations @ \$15
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TOACTMACTEDS INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION, August 19-22, Phoenix, Arizona.

This is the fifth in a series of articles examining the speechmaking techniques of historic figures.

This beautifully crafted speech became one of John F. Kennedy's richest legacies.

ohn F. Kennedy's inaugural address embodied youthful eloquence and vitality. It has stood the test of time, for after two decades, the thoughts and hopes it expressed are still remembered and quoted.

The speech is logically structured with a strong opening, body and conclusion. In his opening, Kennedy

We observe today not a victory of party, but a celebration of freedom - symbolizing an end as well as a beginning - signifying renewal as well as change. For I have sworn before you and Almighty God the solemn oath our forebears prescribed nearly a century and threequarters ago.

Then he reflected on the divine source of human rights with these lines:

The world is very different now. For man holds in his mortal hands the power to abolish all forms of human poverty and all forms of human life. And yet these same revolutionary beliefs for which our forebears fought are still at issue around the globe — the belief that the rights of man come not from the generosity of the state, but from the hand of God.

Next, he reaffirmed our commitment to those rights:

We dare not forget today that we are the heirs of that first revolution. Let the word go forth from this time and place, to friend and foe alike, that the torch has been passed to a new generation of Americans - born in this century, tempered by war, disciplined by a hard and bitter peace, proud of our ancient heritage - and unwilling to witness or permit the slow undoing of those human rights to which this nation has always been committed, and to which we are committed today at home and around the world.

This speech is fundamentally a declaration on foreign affairs born of a practical philosophy. The phrase "at home" in the preceding passage is the only reference to domestic concerns in the entire presentation.

In a ringing, almost strident tone, Kennedy continued:

Let every nation know, whether it wishes us well or ill, that we shall pay any price, bear any burden, meet any hardship, support any friend, oppose any foe to assure the survival and the success of liberty.

The body of the address focuses on the sacrifices required to fulfill the



Richard Allen Stull has taught philosophy at several universities and is president of Speakers Bureau International in Las Vegas, Nevada.

JFK's Electrifying Platform Power

by Richard Allen Stull

mission proclaimed in the opening and restates that mission.

Kennedy said the United States would "oppose aggression or subversion anywhere in America." And as testimony to their loyalty, "the graves of young Americans who answered the call to service surround the globe." His objective was to forge a "grand and global alliance North and South, East and West." The responsibility was great, for "only a few generations have been granted the role of defending freedom in its hour of maximum danger..."

His words revealed a man capable of daring rhetoric and action.

Kennedy set the tone for a "New Frontier" with a militance which climaxed in his best-remembered

And so, my fellow Americans, ask not what your country can do for you. Ask what you can do for your country.

The close is a kind of reverent invocation, assuring his audience that "a good conscience (is) our only sure reward" and "history the final judge of our deeds."

"Let us go forth," he says, "to lead the land we love . . . knowing that here on earth God's work must truly be our own."

Audience Response

I recall vividly the television documentation of this historic speech and have listened to a tape recording of the presentation numerous times. The audience responded with sober attention; there were no emotional outbursts. The only interrupting applause occurs after the "what you can do for your country" line.

Kennedy's purpose comes through clearly: It was a foreign policy declaration summoning us to a glob mission, preparing the public for possible foreign adventure and committing the nation to the Cold War

One sensed in his voice and wor a personal leader who believed in the collective intelligence of mankinda was dedicated to a vigorous demon racy. The new President displayed sense of history and destiny. In t spirit of the inauguration, Kenned committed himself to great respo sibilities. Even his critics seemed caught up in the moment and responded enthusiastically to his youth, resolution and grand design

We heard a man of reason, pro the best-read President since Woo row Wilson, and one capable of si daring rhetoric and action.

Speech Value

The speech's greatest value lies its content and originality. Kenne made his audience think, and his were important. He clearly set the stage for a new administration.

In resounding political prose, h forth for the American people, an the world, the following:

- a compact summary of his ho for the "New Frontier";
- his pledges to friends and all old and new;
- an invitation to Communists join in a new quest for peace;
- a summons to his fellow citize but it v to bear with him the burden of

Each call to action was stated concise phrases and sentences the tion and a whole, produced John F. Kenne but not richest legacies.

Delivery

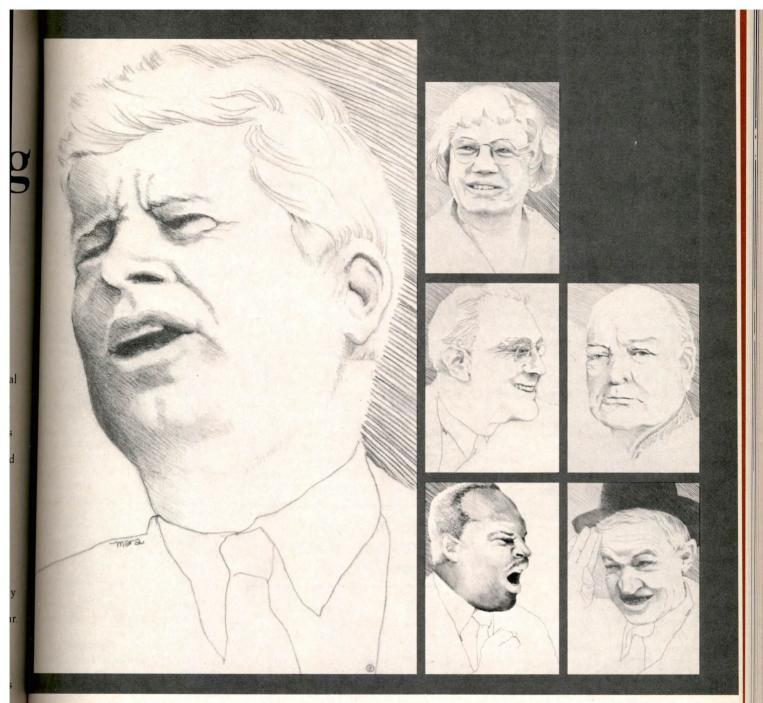
Kennedy's appearance reinform exuded words. At 43, he was the younge and this President in history. Behind him He was the platform was the oldest Pres occasior

70-yea hower Janu day. W United platfor overco puffs a

His c

rather

dence, approp. Empl vet dev typical



N-year-old Dwight David Eisen-

lanuary 20, 1961 was a cold, clear day. When the 35th President of the United States went to the speaking platform, he removed his hat and overcoat. His breath came in white puffs as he spoke.

His delivery was choppy, his voice rather high pitched and staccato but it worked. He projected confidence, and his rapid-fire delivery was appropriate to his message.

Emphasis came from voice inflection and head and trunk movements, but not from the hands. He had not vet developed the intermittent jab typical of his later speeches. He exuded erudition, but not arrogance, and this was no place for his Irish wit. He was serious, in keeping with the occasion and his message. Yet he was

electric because of his intensity and cadence. Kennedy understood the sound of good English, and he was clearly understood by his audience that memorable January day.

Language

As the quotations demonstrate, President Kennedy's inaugural speech was constructed with short words, short clauses and short sentences. Points and propositions follow in logical sequence. The text of the speech is an English teacher's delight. It outlines itself, and diagramming its grammar and structure is an easy task. Kennedy reached for clarity and simplicity of expression — and found

There is no affectation of style. The construction is lean and crisp. Words are not wasted. The speech has fewer than 1900 words, the shortest

inaugural address since Teddy Roosevelt's in 1905.

Of special interest to me is the religious tone of the speech. The language is often scriptural and exhortative. For example, note these transition phrases:

- "Let the word go forth..."
- "Let every nation know. . ."
- "Let us begin anew..."— "Let both sides join..."
- "Let us begin. . ."

I believe this liturgical power of repetition and invocation is the secret of this speech's enduring strength.

This beautifully crafted speech written in simple English and delivered with youthful, electric eloquence endures, finally, because of its symbolism. The speech, like John F. Kennedy's life, holds the promise of unfulfilled greatness.

The search for the right word can lead you to more effective speaking.

Using Words with Wisdom

by Stephen Turner

emember," wrote William Zinsser in On Writing Well, "that words are the only tools that you will be given. Learn to use them with originality and care. Value them for their strength and their infinite diversity. And also remember: somebody out there is listening."

Zinsser was addressing writers, but his advice applies equally to speakers. Both writers and speakers must know words well, must use them with care and originality and must understand

their infinite diversity.

But how does one get to know words well? One of the most efficient and interesting ways is by studying their

It is estimated that there are about one million words in the English language. None of us will ever know all of them, of course, nor should we try to. However, since many of them are made of word parts taken from Latin and Greek, we can help ourselves remember many meanings — and reason out meanings of many unfamiliar words by developing a basic Latin and Greek vocabulary.

So, when you look up a word in your dictionary, note its etymology (usually given in square brackets at the beginning or ending of the entry). If it came into English from Latin or Greek, take the time to learn the parts from which the word was made. Doing so will make the word less abstract to you and thereby make it easier to remember and use.

For example, according to the American Heritage Dictionary, the word transpire comes from the Latin trans, meaning out, plus spirare, to breath. Literally, then, it is a breathing out, an exhalation. (Incidentally, 62% of the experts polled by AHD objected to using transpire in the sense of happen.)

Knowing that spire means to breath, you will immediately have a clue to the meaning of unfamiliar words like aspirate and suspire when you encounter them. Furthermore, if you also know that the prefix con- means together, the word conspire will take on a much more concrete and vivid meaning for you. When you use or hear the word conspire, you will imagine a group of plotters huddled so closely together that they are inhaling one another's breath.

Keep studying word origins and soon a word like egregious will convey as vivid a meaning to you as its English cousin, herd. More than that, you will use words

Wisdom in the use of words begins with the love of words.

like egregious with as much aplomb as you use a common word like cow.

Nuts and Bolts

But don't study the origins of foreign borrowings only. If you do, you will miss much of the fun of our native English (Anglo-Saxon) words. Of the 20,000 most commonly used words in the language, only about 4000 are native stock. But, of course, these are the most commonly used. According to Willard Espy (whose Say It My Way every speaker should read), "ninetyfour percent of the words in the Bible, 90 percent in Shakespeare, 88 percent in Tennyson and 81 percent in Milton are of Anglo-Saxon origin. In speech I suspect the figure would be nearer 95 percent." So, we must not take our Anglo-Saxonisms lightly, for they bear a heavy burden.

Many of these Anglo-Saxon words are the nuts and bolts of the language and, be, have, it, of, the, to, will, you, I and a are all Anglo-Saxon in origin. But many others have fascinating stories behind them. Daisy, for example, comes from the Anglo-Saxon for day's eye. The word is, in fact, a tiny piece of poetry. And lady was once, literally, the

loaf-kneader, while lord meant loafprotector. Knowing these origins ma never do vou any material good (or n bread on the table), but as a senior editor at Reader's Digest once said, "The beginning of wisdom in the use of words is the love of words." And if w love them you will want to know the and know them well.

But there's another, more importareason for studying Anglo-Saxon words as carefully as we study foreign borrowings. In The Elements of Style, El White wrote: "Do not be tempted by twenty-dollar word when there is a center handy, ready and able. Anglo Saxon is a livelier tongue than Latin use Anglo-Saxon words." Where pos sible, to put it another way, prefer to cognitate, freedom to liberty, book to to Anglo-Saxon words are not only live lier, as White said, but, usually, shor And according to Jacques Barzun: "Communication is most complete when it proceeds from the smallest number of words — and indeed of syllables. The criterion here is similar that governing a machine — efficient

Subtle Differences

But opting for one word or anoth not always a matter of length. Some times we prefer intestine to gut for re sons having to do with the formalit the occasion or the expectations of audience. At other times, we may prefer one word over another becau fits our meaning more exactly. Inte and bright do not mean exactly thes thing, nor do interfere and meddle, abo and obliterate, head and pate or voyage a journey. In fact, there are few exact synonyms in the language. Just wor that mean about the same thing as of

If you look up the word learning in your Thesaurus, for example, you will find acquirement, attainment, edification, and delig scholarship, erudition, lore, information, instruction, study, reading, perusal, inquir and so forth. Do these have the san in Greend

intend decide meani diction tionary shades

It's words have t tender writer remen

Word whe shad

becom in so m has los So avo those t Edwin paramet find it dialogue "What report?

Allof followin Clifton 'We mu adequat know w not quit choose better t

Wed that abi studying meaning

Stephen T tion skills, Milwauke manings? Of course not. A *Thesaurus* is mended only to jog your memory. To kide which of these words fits your

maning, you'll have to return to your

tionary (or a work like Webster's Dic-

many of Synonyms) to discover the subtle

Avoid Cliches

It's also important to remember that wids get tired, and you sometimes use to send in a substitute. There is a index among many speakers and writers to use "trendy" words. But member that by the time a word

Words become tools when we understand shades of meaning.

momes trendy it has usually been used mso many different situations that it its lost much of its distinctive meaning. So avoid cliches, and stay away from all those trendy words that so annoy dwin Newman — words like viable and prumeter, hopefully and incumbent (as in "I finditincumbent upon me to. . ."), tabgue and impact (as a verb), thrust (as in "What is the main thrust of your report?"), subsequent to and prior to.

All of this may be summed up by the following, taken from Empty Pages by Clifton Fadiman and James Howard: Wemust have at our disposal an adequate, suitable vocabulary. But to know words, whether few or many, is not quite enough. We must be able to thoose among them, to feel that one is better than another."

We develop that "feel" for words, that ability to choose among them, by studying their origins, their shades of meaning and their ability to surprise and delight.

Stephen Turner, an English instructor who lives in Greendale, Wisconsin, teaches communication skills, journalism and creative writing at Milwaukee Area Technical College.

Say What You Mean

by Dan Besaw

When we become more engrossed in our thoughts than on how we explain them, we risk not getting our precise meaning across. We fail to communicate when we use ambiguous, vague expressions or jargon that obscures our specific meaning.

It's a rare person who always uses the right word at the right time, but it's a goal worth striving for. People judge us by the words we use and how we use them. As Mark Twain put it, "The difference between the almost right word and the right word is really a large matter — 'tis the difference between the lightning bug and the lightning." And since others may tune us out when our thoughts are not expressed in language they can follow, we have to make our meaning clear immediately.

After my Toastmasters speech, my evaluator advised me to avoid saying "too much or too little." Several speeches later, I began to appreciate that insight, but at the time his meaning was unclear. Did he mean that we can say a lot with a few words or that speeches should have time limits? From his point of view, nothing more needed to be said, but he hadn't said enough to make his meaning clear to me.

Just as saying too little can obscure meaning, so can using common words or phrases in uncommon ways. Sometimes our words seem ambiguous or even have an entirely different meaning for others. We inadvertently build barriers to understanding in our legislative and bureaucratic language, our conversation, writing and speeches. Do you have any idea how often our various state and federal departments have questioned legislative intent or how many different conclusions are drawn from a single policy or regulation? Say what you intend to say, and eliminate words that don't express your real meaning.

Jargon is a communication barrier that concerns even politicians. A 1979 Oregon legislative committee concluded that "many words and phrases are used so frequently they have ceased to convey meaning of

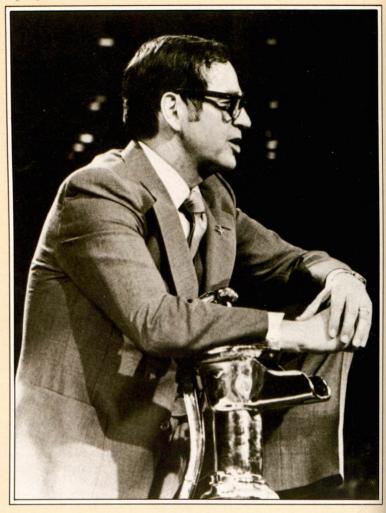
any kind." Some of the examples suggested for banning were: input, syndrome, bottom line, prioritize and viable. The report emphasizes that jargon has impact, or real meaning, mostly in the mind of the user and may well be meaningless to the receiver.

Still another potential danger lies in misplaced humor. At a Speechcraft demonstration I attended, a Toastmaster said, "When Toastmastering ceases to be fun, I will get out of Toastmasters." His evaluator responded, "I think this is another example of an amonicated justification for having your arbicular muscles in a state of contraction without saying much." The evaluation, which was intended to be humorous, backfired. It wasn't funny, and it didn't help the speaker. If humor doesn't help make a positive point, stay away from it; don't derail your meaning.

Use examples to make your meaning clear. At a Toastmasters meeting in Milwaukee a few years ago, a member was speaking about differences in viewpoints. To illustrate his point, he held up a card and asked us to name the color, which was black. Then he said we could never agree with him on the color — unless we looked at it from his point of view. He was looking at the card from the opposite side, which was white. Good example? You bet! Get the other person's viewpoint. Say what you intend to say with words and examples that explain, emphasize and clarify your meaning. As public speakers, the most valuable gift we can give is a good example of what we mean.

Taking care to use the right word at the right time helps us say what we mean in a way that others will understand. And that's what communication is all about!

Dan Besaw is a member of Victory Club 221-6 in St. Paul, Minnesota. He won his club's "Toastmaster of the Year" award in 1976 and 1977 and the area "Toastmaster of the Year" award in 1977. He is a past area governor and served as a co-chairman for the District 6 Committee on Achievement Through Motivation.



Selling Peop

How the superstars of today's burgeoning motivational speaking circuit made it to the top.

ig Ziglar lets loose a torrent of words that rumbles across the audience, then reverberates from the far shadows of the giant convention center. He slows down, waiting for the words to sink in, then drops to his haunches and almost whispers:

"I believe you can choose from life everything that you want. But I believe — I know — you gotta make the deposits before you enjoy the rewards. You gotta study the lessons before you get the grades. You gotta make the call before you get the sale. You gotta learn the technique before you perfect the skill. You gotta sweat on the practice field before you perform on the playing field."

As he talks in a deep Southern accent, his voice picks up speed. He springs to his feet, gesturing emphatically as he

strides across the platform hase I from rapid-fire 45 rpm to ang Zig 33-1/3: "I believe that healther" and happiness are the natura sales building on a solid foundation. As a taking specific steps. Yes follows to optimist."

Then suddenly, as if the story occurred to him, he quips, he "li the kind of guy who'd goal sets or Dick in a rowboat and taken to g sauce with me. That's my nof the

This last line brings downt Zig Many of the several thousanang attending this "Positive Perinto I-Anaheim, California, have his su use this line before. They selling who sell anything from really Zig. Tupperware — housewive super neurs, retirees, executives sing ci have come to watch him me neve he's likely to say anything vation





Themselves by Robert B. Tucker

he is, in their eyes, a hero. iglar, 53, currently of Dallas, is a "down-on-his-luck" pots and esman from Yazoo City, Mississa way of getting this point the hundreds of audiences he oeach year, Ziglar often tells vof how he was once so broke literally had to go out and sell of stainless steel cookware in get my wife and newborn baby ne hospital."

g Ziglar is no longer a failure. ged to turn door-to-door de-Horatio Alger success, and success at selling pots and pans ng people on themselves. iglar is America's most soughterstar on the motivational circuit. Like politicians on ver-ending campaign trail, onal speakers are a new breed

of professional orators, writers and seminar leaders. They travel the nation, and increasingly the free world, helping people realize their full potential for greatness.

Never before has the speaker with a motivational message been in such demand. And never before have speakers willing, as Ziglar says, to "sweat on the practice field" faced such great opportunities for becoming professional speakers. Today motivational speakers are in demand as keynote speakers at national conventions and sales meetings as well as at programs sponsored by local service clubs and organizations. Not surprisingly, more than a few top motivational speakers have been Toastmasters at some point during their careers. As a Toastmaster yourself, even if you're not quite ready to hit the motivational speaking circuit, these always lively speakers might be able to give you some pointers on how to improve the speaking you wish to do.

Perhaps the most intriguing question about why motivational speakers have become so highly sought-after in recent years lies in what they say to audiences that people are willing to pay so handsomely to hear.

Positive Thinking

The basic belief most top motivational speakers have adopted as a theme is that our attitudes in life determine how successful we will become. In short, it's the positive thinking or "positive mental attitude" philosophy first coined by Dr. Norman Vincent Peale. Back in the 1950s, Peale's book, The Power of Positive Thinking outsold everything but the Bible. It has maintained a steady following since. Peale's book has had a major influence on motivational



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Just think — if every member of your club were to sponsor one new member this year, your club would double in size!

And there's no better time for your club to grow than during Toastmasters' April-May membership campaign, Get Into Action. By adding new members during these months, your club will not only grow bigger, stronger and better it can also earn special recognition.

Every club that adds five or more new members during April and May will receive a "Get Into Action banner ribbon. Those adding 10 or more new members will be mailed a "Best Speaker" trophy. In addition, the top club in each district will be presented with a "top club" ribbon.

So don't hesitate . . . Get Into Action! Tell a friend about the benefits of Toastmasters, then invite him or her to your club's next meeting.

speakers and is about as close to an established doctrine as there is in a movement that embraces a wide range of contrasting deliveries.

If the collective message of the top speakers was extracted from the plentiful one-liners and stories (the story to the motivational speaker is what the question was to Socrates), it might all be boiled down to a few simple dictums: Believe in yourself, your company and your country. Set high standards and goals for yourself. Manage your mental environment. Avoid negative, petty thoughts (what Ziglar calls "stinkin thinkin"). Work hard from sunup to sundown, and be good to your spouse and family.

At a time when many Americans are seeking to reestablish their faith in such virtues as self-reliance, hard work and persistence, the motivational speaker goads them on by saying, "Look at me, I've realized the American Dream and vou can, too.

Equally important, most motivational speakers wade into the subject of manners, morals and ethics. For the salesperson especially, the motivational speaker zeros in on the daily need to gather up enough self-encouragement to sustain the pace upon which consumptive lifestyles depend, how to conquer feelings of self-doubt and negativism and how to overcome the nagging fear of rejection.

Not everyone, however, views the motivational speaker as the greatest thing to happen to public address. Some critics have written that motivational speakers are about as superficial on the subject of motivation as cheerleaders at a high school pep rally. "Thin on content, heavy on performance," one college speech instructor concluded.

The fact that some speakers can make as much as \$25,000 for one appearance (when sales of their books and cassette tape programs and speaking fees are added up) has led some critics to lament the increasingly commercial aspects of the field. The speakers themselves, while acknowledging that the mass rallies and recent media attention have created a bonanza atmosphere, seek to downplay such criticisms because of the good they feel they are doing for people. And in response to claims that their speeches are shallow, they say audiences demand lots of stories and jokes to keep their attention.

Many of today's top motivational speakers started as salesmen and then advanced to become sales trainers or corporate speakers. For example, Ohiobased Ira Hayes, who bills himself as "America's Ambassador of Enthusiasm," for many years spoke as a representative of the National Cash Register Company. Skip Ross, an Amway Corporation motivational speaker, travels around the country to

keep the troops motivated and to help train new distributors.

Tough Field for Women

The messages of these speakers reflect not only their backgrounds but also their regional origin, most often the Southern and Midwestern states. The field has traditionally been tough for women to break into, despite the fact that audiences are often predomnantly women.

One exception is California-based motivational minister Terry Cole-Whittaker, who mixes her ministerial message with a new-age philosophyo "seeing how much life I can live in one lifetime." Whittaker has received few invitations to speak at the showcase "Positive Thinking" rallies that have become the super-circuit of speakers recent years. The reason, she feels, is that the rallies have so far reflected traditional roles for women, and town that line is not for her. So instead, Whittaker has organized her own rallies, and her television programs (produced by Terry Cole-Whittaker Ministries, a multimillion-dollar organization) reach several million people each week. Whittaker preache that "lasting motivation comes from inner transformation." Without it.sh

Never before have motivational speakers been in such demand.

believes, "motivation is like makeup applied on a face without cleaning the pores — it only looks good for awhile

Other speakers are more tradition Paul Harvey, the syndicated radio and television commentator, has spoken number of public rallies. In his stand motivational speech, Harvey advises ralliers to "get up in the morning an 20 pushups, even you ladies. Smile: yourself in the mirror . . . wear a bri scarf. Greet your co-workers nicely Schedule scripture reading or praye preferably with your spouse. Andd leave all your enthusiasm at the off Exercise when you get home. Forge the news, just listen to Paul Harvey

Jim Rohn, of Irvine, California, in structs his seminar participants to f get serious about the person you're becoming and zero in on what you want." Secondly, Rohn says, "Your have more than you've got because can become more than you are." It's equally important, says Rohn, "tow harder on yourself than you do on job. Work on your handshake, you language, your smile." Thirdly, he vises listeners to get smart, attend lectures, read books and don't miss chance to learn from your mistake ley, a po "Put everything you've got into eve Waitley

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rgyoudo." And finally, "Get a game and then get to work planning the alsof how you'll achieve your

Shorman Vincent Peale, at 79, still shis spirited message around the the Herecently advised a gathering sustralian businessmen to "be proud that you do. Say 'I am an Australian shessman. I am a salesman — a moter of one of the greatest and most wrable professions known to man.' " saudience loved him for it.

Indience loved him for it.
Indightingale, the "dean of peralmotivation," tells audiences about a sing up in poverty in Long Beach, a sing up in Long Beach,

Then, one day as he read a book in elibrary, Nightingale made a disvery he compares to a religious exrience. "I suddenly realized I'd just ad the answer I had been looking for," erecalls. "The author of the book said hat we become what we think about ost often, and all of a sudden I mnected with the most important wk of Buddha and the Bible, which ays that as a man thinketh in his heart oishe. From then on it was simply a utter of setting goals and reaching hem one by one. It wasn't easy; you adto work hard, burn the midnight land nothing was ever given to you. ut the thing that turned me loose was utit could be done."

Typical American families, according a Nightingale, "are not very hopeful in their attitudes. They plod along and watch television and talk very little at the table and are not well-educated in the humanities. The house is bereft of books, except perhaps for an unread attached a couple of Reader's Digest modensed books."

To Nightingale, motivation is really withing more than education ("knowing you have options"). It was Nightingle who stumbled onto "electronic publishing," recording motivational messages on cassette tapes. His recording "The Strangest Secret" won a gold record for selling over a million copies. Today, Nightingale is chairman of the board of the Nightingale-Conant Corporation of Chicago, which produces motivational and sales training material.

A Winning Self-Image
One of the authors Nightingale's
company publishes is Dr. Denis Waitley, a popular figure on the rally circuit.
Waitley's speaking style sometimes

borders on the surreal. He's apt to change tense, point of view and even character in mid-sentence. He is perhaps the most scientifically based motivational speaker on the circuit today. "Dwell on the self-image of that person you would most like to become," he advises. "Get a clear sensory picture of yourself as if you had already achieved it."

Waitley got his start as an advance speaker for the Navy's Blue Angels Flying Team, for which he was once a solo pilot. After his Navy stint, he used his speaking skills to become a stand-in speaker for Dr. Jonas Salk, who discovered the polio vaccine. His "Psychology of Winning" program grew out of his doctoral studies in human behavior. According to Waitley, the mind is "self-talking" all the time at some 800 words per minute. Winners and losers, he says, have vastly different self-talk. Winners think constantly in terms of I can, I will, I am. Losers, on the other hand, concentrate their waking thoughts on what they should have or would have done, or what they can't do. When the self-talk is positive, Waitley believes, "The mind then goes to work instructing the body to carry out the performance of that thought as if it had already been achieved before and is merely being repeated."

The self-image is also an important theme to motivator Skipp Ross. "By the time we're 11 years old," Ross tells audiences, "99 percent of us have a well-developed sense of inferiority. Unless you have done something specifically and deliberately to change that orientation towards life, you still have an inferiority complex. We are told by psychologists that only four percent of people take the time and energy and pain to change the way they think about themselves."

Equally important to what the motivational speakers say is how they say it. They strive for a delivery that appears light and spontaneous, never oratorical or preachy. But lines that sound spontaneous probably have been rehearsed hundreds of times so the words will tumble out just right.

Ziglar, for one, admits to practicing relentlessly as he travels around the country. After exchanging the usual pleasantries with his airborne seatmate, Ziglar gets down to work, either writing, reading or silently practicing new material. He says he must constantly update, perfect and add fresh examples to his speeches.

Back home in Dallas, he practices aloud as he drives; like most Toastmasters, he says he's used to the stares. Ziglar's style on stage might best be compared with that of a fire engine—he speeds up as he sets the scene and provides necessary detail, then slows down as he creeps through intersec-

club, sales and political meetings SURE NEED HUMOR!



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tions crowded with meaning.

Ziglar's deeply resonant voice is one of his chief assets. Even though he speaks very rapidly at times, he still enunciates each word. And while he occasionally mispronounces a word or two as part of his "Yazoo, Mississippi" style, his grammar is otherwise flawless.

Getting Started

How does one go about becoming a motivational speaker? Tom Winninger started by joining Toastmasters and entering speech contests. Encouraged after winning at the area level, Winninger developed a speech for real estate salespeople, an industry in which he had achieved some success. Then, on a flight across country last year, Winninger happened to sit next to a rally promoter. After discovering that they were in the same field, the promoter asked Winninger to send him a tape of one of his speeches. Later, at a "Winner's Rally" in San Diego, California, a slightly nervous Tom Winninger gave a speech before thousands of people. That engagement — his first big break — led to many others.

If you're serious about becoming a motivational speaker, it's best to decide whether you're truly a motivated per-

Dwell on the image of the person you most want to become.

son and really want to help others succeed. In other words, aside from the performance, there's also the substantive side of motivational speaking. The best motivational speakers have much more to share than just how they made their first million. The subject of winning is much deeper than that. And the speakers who win on the motivational circuit are those who reach those depths — usually by focusing on lessons and beliefs they have successfully applied in their own lives.

When Zig Ziglar finished his speech at the giant convention center, he was swamped with a crowd of well-wishers who wanted to get a closer look at him. At a booth where his cassette tape program was selling briskly, Ziglar sat on a table and signed autographs. He greeted each person with a warm, "How are you tonight?" Most of them were feeling good and told him so, and some even responded with the answer that has become his trademark -"Super good but I'll get better."

As he accepted the compliments, pats on the back, handshakes and "Zig-youchanged-my-life" testimonials, he gave back words of encouragement. It was

easy to see the basis of his appeal. He a model self-made man, the "Little gu who triumphed over an inferiority of plex and many setbacks to become wh he set out to be.

There is the story of how Zig Zigla as a salesman for an aluminum company once walked for 11 days before sold his first set of cookware. Theno the 12th day, broke and ready to give up, he knocked at the door of Mrs. I Freeman, of Columbia, South Carolin And Zig Ziglar finally sold his firsts of cookware.

While it was hardly a turning point for him, he stuck with it, plodding along, just barely scraping by. "AllI over the next two and a half years," recalls on one of his tape programs, "was prove that my employers had right not to want to hire me in thef place." But Zig Ziglar went on sellin door-to-door, facing rejection daily listening patiently to the chatter of housewives in the little communities South Carolina where he got his star

Then, one snowy day in 1950, Zie attended a company sales meeting in nearby Charlotte, North Carolina. After the meeting was over, a comp executive named P.C. Merrill pulled Ziglar aside.

'For the last two and a half years! been watching you," Merrill told him "and I've never seen such a wastein my life."

Ziglar thought he was being fired but Merrill continued.

"If you'd only recognize your abil Zig," he said, "you could be a greate I'm convinced you could even become national champion."

For Zig Ziglar of Yazoo City, Mis sippi, those words were like air toa drowning man. All the way home! night he repeated Merrill's words. the next day he began the first days the rest of his life - with a new se image. Before the year was out, he sold more cookware than almost ev other salesman working for his com pany. The following year he became company sales manager, and twoys after that the company's youngest sion supervisor. And now he hopes give back what P.C. Merrill once g him - encouragement.

Zig Ziglar believes you can chan your life, if you only will. That mes perhaps more than any other, is the appeal behind today's burgeoning ket for motivational speakers.



Robert B. Tuckeris member of Executive Breakfast Club 361 in Glendale, Califor His articles have an in the Los Angeles Herald-Examine California Journ

Sierra Life and Utah Holiday.

Toastmasters' 1980 International Speech Contest winner tells how you can prepare to win at any level of competition.

THE WORK BEHIND A WINNING CONTEST SPEECH

by Jeff C. Young

ou are sitting in the audience at Toastmasters' International Speech Contest. The speeches are over. You're relieved but apprehensive. Friends give you silent nods of approval. The murmur that hovers over the audience like a winter fog begins to fade as the president of Toastmasters approaches the microphone with a piece of paper in his hand. You look up.

"And now, ladies and gentlemen..." Your breathing stops for a second. "The world champion of public speaking..."

It's nice to dream, but you know dreaming won't put your name in that sentence. To win that speech contest or any other, you must have the talent to speak, the tenacity to persevere, the willingness to sacrifice and the time to invest. Once you've made that commit-

Winning speakers commit their time, tenacity and talent.

ment, you're ready to "go for it." Now you must choose your topic, research the subject, write your speech and practice the delivery. Then you'll be prepared to win.

Have Something to Say

If your main reason for entering a speech contest is to win a first-place trophy, you're doomed to failure before you begin. An award is, after all, merely a symbol, a by-product of a job well done. Your primary motivation for entering a contest ought to be that you have something to say! This "something," whatever it may be, must be burning within you. You must believe it, understand it and live it. If you don't you become an actor delivering the words, thoughts and beliefs of others. And public speaking isn't acting.

Your subjects should meet the "RSV" test: Is it relative? Is it significant? Is it valid? Once you are satisfied that you have met those criteria, you must then put your topic through several more tests.

First, it must be a subject that can be effectively handled within a specific time frame (7½ minutes in the International Speech Contest).

Your topic must also be chosen with your audience in mind. The winning speech you delivered before your area membership and the one before 1200 people at the International Convention are not necessarily interchangeable.

But above all, whatever your subject, it must be one with which you are entirely comfortable. If it isn't, none of the other strengths can make up for this deficiency.

Researching Your Subject

As soon as you know the speech contest date, budget your preparation time. Researching, organizing and writing should comprise about 75 percent of your total effort, certainly not less than 50 percent. Remember Dale Carnegie's words, "A speech well-prepared is nine-tenths delivered."

Gather much more information than you can possibly use. Then you'll have the luxury of choosing the best material available. While you are gathering your material, don't be too concerned with order or logical pattern of development. You'll be better equipped to do that when you've finished researching.

Start first with *your* ideas and convictions. Then turn to books, articles and other sources of information. Be sure to use the library. Look for quofes from others that will add support, color or humor to your speech. Think about your speech even when you're not researching. Then you'll be receptive to

He is guy" com-

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The speech that made Jeff Young winner of Toastmasters' 1980 "World Championship of Public Speaking."

To Stand Before Kings

If you can't be a pine on the top of the hill Be a scrub in the valley but be The best little scrub by the side of the rill Be a bush if you can't be a tree.

When Douglas Malloch wrote those words many years ago, he was saying, of course, that it was not the size of our work that mattered; rather, it was the worth of our efforts. Today, in the tedium and humdrum of our day-to-day lives, we often dream of loftier positions and greater deeds. And as important as our goals and aspirations may be, we can never forget that true success comes only from doing well the task at hand. Although his words are not new ones, I have an idea that they are in need of rejuvenation.

Remember as children the question most asked of us by adults? "What do you want to be when you grow up?" And as most children, we would always answer with avocations of high excitement and great prestige. Indeed, our parents would be disappointed if we said otherwise.

(Can you imagine the chagrin of the parents of the little boy who recently told them that when he grew up he wanted to be the Vice-President of the United States?)

But the problem seems to be that we have carried this childhood syndrome into our adult years. Too often the stature of people is measured by what they do rather than how well they do whatever it might happen to be. We say, "That person is a doctor." Or a lawyer. Or a senator or movie star. And we turn our heads, impressed, with scant thought of how well they may do their work. We offer no such regard to the plumber, the typist or the bus driver.

And if society's typecasting of the worker isn't enough, we have individual obsessions about our occupational dignity. How others perceive us often takes precedence over how we perceive ourselves. To underscore this, we need only to look at our culture today and the absurd pre-

occupation with business titleake relevision news program receives heard a man introduced as theade to ciate Administrative Assistanades Vice-President in charge of Aty it stration. (He probably uses these in fives for business cards.)

Well, I think we need to refitle our priorities. We need to un This stand that the only noble job st of job well done, that a person's rew, fessional stature should beer diff dent upon how well he does nes a what he has and little else. ere is

Now, it would be futile for ailable to be the greatest at whatevement Fortunately, being the greateung temportant. What is important a mis great common denominator; to the share as human beings, and; year the capacity to do our best. Tamsh

the capacity to do our best. amsh Every artist's work will norbor, in the Louvre. Every athlete ple v wear the Olympic gold. Ever e no scientist will not win a Nobelssion. But as great as those achieve d to are, they are not the benchmot of t success. What you need is snoseve be able to answer in the affin fricathe question, "Did I do the beled in could?"

And that goes for any ending of for I don't find any one jobp How larly more significant than aud, "t Are the efforts of the statest of two brings peace between warmice of nations really any greater than it, of the mother who teaches ed our ren love and respect? Is the aits us judge who administers justint two more profound than that of ica and driver who delivers goods he ives a daily sustenance?

We are all important. Ansped h don't even know that. In or answ tion recently, a gentlemant she to that he was just an "ordinar not he countant. Well, I don't belie his we there is any such thing as a rs, wa "ordinary" accountant. Or an "ordverbs, mechanic. If people are ordinare in by virtue of how they choose kir their work — not by virtue of his they are.

Now, there will always kk, who who will do their best if the ment of sufficiently satisfied that the. Whe something in it for them. Behared people find out (and usually heart, that true motivation muster my journal from within. For if we depthing mexternal sources for our mishould we cannot guarantee that the can't be always be there. When I was can't be my father could not make it isn't be best in school. But he suresping the

s titles. Or #50rry if I didn't! Life is the recently stofteacher: We can't be as the Asserthour best, but we can be istant tot smylf we don't. For what a of Admin sould be to have lived our es three-bashadow of "how things we been" had we put in just rearrang uneater effort. snot to say that being the watever we are is without undero under-spotto say that being the job is the inhatever we are is without on's pro-sets. It is not. Rewards come e dependent people at different es with dindifferent ways. But megreat reward that is for us to be to all. To illustrate that, I ever wed regastory I was told as a atestism ant is one sionary couple was returnor we all the United States after spendd that is a sin Africa. As their huge ippulled into New York not hang there were thousands of e will no emiting on the dock. But they withere to welcome home the el Prize raries. They were there inements welcome home the Presimarkso

the United States, Theodore at, who had been on a safari mply to rmative rafor two weeks. As the boat to the dock area, the misestI looked over the throng and a eavor, tofdespair came over him. articu- wan it be," he wondered nother that we have spent the better man who two decades to bring the God to people who did not an that at and to that end we dedier child curlives. Yet not one person rork of swhere. And yet this man has any - moweeks hunting animals in two weeks hunting animals in and look at the reception he

swhen he comes home." our as saddened as his wife whis hand and said, "I know ersa-I me wer." He looked at her eyes whome yet. . . swoman, in the wisdom of her was perhaps remembering the

from the Book of the bs, "Seest thou a man who is tinhis work; he shall stand

v, it is rkings."
his is our task, whatever our

nin life — to be diligent in our whether it is the effort of a ent or the dedication of a life-Whether witnessed by history ese fired only within the confines of late) Part. To be able to say, "I have my job, and I have done it well." on Ingmore can be asked. Nothing ion, should be expected.

un't be a highway, be a trail un't be the sun, be a star isn't by size that we win or we fail gthe best of whatever we are!

ideas that may come from the media. conversations with friends or random reading.

Writing Your Speech

I would never consider delivering a speech I had not written down word for word. Although I know other speakers who don't recommend this method of preparation, I prefer it because it helps me put words together more creatively.

The first step in writing a speech is developing an outline to make sure your thoughts flow smoothly. Your ideas should be presented in a logical sequence, progressing from an introduction, through the body to a dynamic conclusion.

To avoid stumbling or freezing, learn to be flexible with words.

When you're ready to expand your outline into a speech, remember to write for the ear and not for the eye. Keep your sentences short and be succinct. Build your ideas on a few strong points supported by short anecdotes. Use techniques such as alliteration to give your thoughts life and personality.

Throughout your writing, always keep in mind the objectives of your speech and the impact you want it to have on your audience. When you have completed the writing, conduct a "word hunt." Eliminate words and phrases that don't help achieve the objective of your speech. Then, continue to polish, polish, polish!

Practicing Your Delivery

Once you have decided that your speech is completed, the rest of the time can be devoted to practicing the delivery. Practice your speech before as many audiences as possible. Listen for audience reaction, be open to constructive criticism, and change your speech

accordingly. But be judicious in your alterations; don't change your speech too radically, especially as the contest date approaches.

If possible, time your speech on a tape recorder whenever you practice it so you can get a close estimate of it's

length.

I have practiced each of my contest speeches more than 100 times. But such repetitive rehearsal has a sinister byproduct — the propensity to memorize the speech. To avoid that, don't be dogmatic about the way you deliver your speech. Each time you practice, do it a little differently than the time before. Be flexible with words. Then, during the contest, a slight change in wording won't cause you to stumble or

A word about gestures: don't practice them too much. If you are enthusiastic about what you have to say (and you should be), they will come naturally.

Practice is arduous work and can get boring. But until you are sick of delivering your speech, you haven't

practiced enough!

So now you've done it. You have shared your convictions with your audience, calling upon all your skills and experience to make your speech memorable and inspiring. Therein lies the measure of a championship speaker. But just for "gravy," for that little extra touch, you might hear your name following the memorable introduction, "The world champion of public speaking is...



Jeff Young, last year's International Speech Contest winner and the second-place winner in the 1978 contest, will speak at the August 1981 International Convention in Phoenix, Arizona, He is a

member of Glendale 1 8-52 in Glendale, California and also belongs to the National Speakers Association. He owns and manages a security company in the motion picture and television industry.



The Case for Company Loyalty

Contrary to popular thought, company loyalty is not a sign of selling out — it's an investment in your future.

by Joseph N. Bell

erhaps the most maligned per in American business todayi the so-called "company man" is generally looked on with fear of and loathing by many of his fellow employees —especially those who a pinching supplies from the company warehouse on the sly — and with suspicion by his employers, who fee automat is probably up to something.

A few years ago, lyricist Abe Bun repreher caught the plight of the company m magnificently in a song from "How Succeed in Business Without Real Trying." It went this way: I play it the company way,

Wherever the company puts me, there Ist My face is a company face, It smiles at executives then goes back in plane people

My brain is a company brain, The company washed it and I can't complether dire

usinessn When I went to work, I said, "Brash yountions, and Don't have any ideas." nd magn Well, I stuck to that - and I haven't had f them ex in years. 's becom

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th friends like that, the company hardly needs enemies. But the line nthe song that probably catches his tbest today asks: "Is there any-gyou're against?" The answer: mployment." Fear of unemploytis converting some erstwhile tics to company men these days, before they're accused of simply ing out to the Establishment, a case to be made for the company man. was thinking of Abe Burrows' song other day when I was taking a break with several management doyees I was interviewing that ming in connection with a story I swriting. The cafeteria was wded, noisy, friendly. At a nearby Inoticed — sitting alone — the ung executive assistant who had first ranged my schedule. He had been assant and cooperative, and I asked hosts — who were enthusiastically olved in ridiculing company policy thigh brass — why they didn't ask eother man to join us.

bu hurt yourself swell as your company then you are disloyal.

Nothing doing," said one of my impanions. "He's a company man— wildn't enjoy this kind of talk. He just with tit in. So we let him go his way, where go ours."

In the hierarchy of American cliches, ampany man" (and "company oman," too, now that woman are aming executive roles too long denied hem) is high on the list of such dying metaphors as "creeping socialism," "matic fringe" and "subsidized athlete" -among dozens of others — that utomatically imply activities both prehensible and contemptible. So maybe it's high time for the person who benefits most from the company man -the employer — to put in a word for reanizational loyalty. And the word hould make it clear that — be it a ompany, trade association, labor union rservice organization — lovalty deideally operates to the self-interest of he people who work there.

The trend seems to be going in the other direction. I call on a good many businessmen, mostly in large organizations, and I'm fascinated by the depth and magnitude of the disloyalty many of them express toward their company. If become almost routine operating

procedure for them to dispose of our business as quickly as possible so they can take advantage of a new ear to listen to the stupidities of their top executives.

These men are, of course, biting the hand that feeds them. It's one thing to work earnestly within the organization to improve policies and operations in an orderly and constructive manner. This is progress, and business must progress or lose ground to its competitors. But it's quite another thing to strike blindly and bitterly outside the organization at your employer. This is destructive, and it's destroying the very thing employees are seeking to build up: their own livelihood.

The Cost of Dislovalty

The effects of destructive criticism outside the office can be a potent force. For example, a friend of mine feels that his ideas haven't been given proper consideration in his company, and for several years, he has delighted people at social gatherings with hilariously funny — but bitingly critical — stories about goings-on at the office. A number of his listeners have been business people who either deal with his company or with other people who do. This hasn't been lost on them. The stories have been repeated, and they have hurt. And the strangest thing of all is that they have hurt the man who told them right in the pocketbook.

What does company loyalty mean? Even the people who are most contemptuous of the term, when pressed, will define it as the working philosophy of an employee who puts the interests of the organization before his or her own self-interest in business matters. Somehow — in the midst of the Me Generation — this has become synonomous with copping out by toadying to the boss and displaying a consistent lack of courage.

That doesn't have to be so at all. Some of the most fanatically loyal company people I've known have had no reluctance about disputing — within the office and to the proper officials — what they considered to be poor decisions, often at the risk of their own necks.

Although sniping at employers certainly didn't begin as an outgrowth of the gripes at the military establishment with which millions of American servicemen and women came out of World War II, its acceptance as legitimate and almost routine behavior probably did start about that time. However,

griping in the armed forces seldom got in the way of loyalty; even though the men didn't like military life, they generally fought steadfastly and well. But back in private life, the griping got out of hand, and in far too many instances was refined into a kind of cancerous and destructive disloyalty.

Sometimes the company deserved it by formulating and propagating primitive personnel policies that invited disloyalty. No progressive organization asks an employee to submerge his or her individuality. Aggressive, able workers will not always see eye-toeye on company problems, and this is good and desirable. In threshing them out constructively, the company progresses. On the other side of the coin, here are some considerations any organization that has formulated thoughtful and humane ways of dealing with its employees can, in all good conscience, ask of them:

 Don't knock the product or service that feeds your family. Try consistently

If you can't be loyal to your company, it may be time to quit.

to better it. Don't just tear it down to satisfy a personal grudge or inner frustration. That hurts the employer and it hurts you.

• Don't ridicule your business organization or your associates at social gatherings or to outsiders. Sometimes you are talking — directly or indirectly — with people who can exercise a tremendous influence over its growth and prosperity.

 Don't spend company time in fruitless, interminable and destructive backbiting sessions.

• If you have what you consider a legitimate complaint, go through organizational channels with it. If the complaint is serious and isn't resolved equitably — in a way you can live with — look for another job.

Time to Ouit?

As long as you accept pay from a company, you probably owe it these four things. But most of all, you owe it to your self. Disloyalty is dishonesty — both to the organization that pays the salary and the person who accepts it. And if you don't feel your employer has earned your loyalty, you should get out.

I know a woman who did that last year at the age of 62. She was an official

Al Hamburg reports a Texas oil man heard of a car pool and ordered one installed in his car.

What this country needs is a tailpipe and muffler that will last as long as a beer

The hardest thing for a speaker to remember during an introduction is not to nod his head in agreement when the toastmaster praises him.

The cloning of babies could result in kids without parents — a whole generation growing up with no one to blame things on.

If you have good advice to pass on to your children, give it to them while they are still young enough to think you know what you are talking about.

Some speakers talk so fast they can be compared to a man reading Playboy with his wife turning the pages.

Triumphant father to mother watching teenage son mow the lawn: "I told him I lost the car keys in the grass."

If Mother Nature had provided Coca-Cola as a natural drink, kids would go out and buy water.

Middle-age is when you want to see how long the car will last instead of how fast it will go!

If you buy a cheap used car, you may find out how hard it is to drive a bargain.

I have a solution for all our traffic problems. No car on the road 'til it's paid for.

Instruments are currently used that will throw a speaker's voice more than a mile. Now we need an instrument that will throw the speaker an equal distance.

What's considered congestion is successful atmosphere on the dance floor.

Boss: "Why aren't you busy?" Joe: "I didn't see you coming."

Bumper sticker: Looking for a 10 — will settle for two fives.

Most candidates aren't very exciting speakers. Their delivery is about as effective as the post office.

If you want to teach your children the value of a dollar, you had better hurry.

If college costs get much higher, anyone who can afford to go won't need to.

Told my apartment manager the apartment had roaches — he raised my rent for keeping pets.

You were much better than our last speaker. He talked for an hour and never said anything. You took only 15 minutes.

The doctor scared my fat uncle into dieting with six simple words — "Have you ever seen skin explode?"

These jokes were contributed by Dr. James Blakely, a full-time professional speaker based in Wharton, Texas. He is a member of the National Speakers Association and is listed by the Associated Clubs of America as "America's Number One Intellectual Humorist."

of the company, and she forfeited a pension, a bonus and considerable other financial rewards. But she differed violently with the company on a matter of principle and could no longer give them her loyalty. So she guit. It took her uncomfortably long to find another job, but she did, and right now she'sth happiest ex-employee I've ever seen.

Not enough people are quitting their jobs these days. That's one of the basin facts underlying the spread of compan disloyalty. Employees who should mo on for their own good and the good of the company simply aren't doing itand their dissatisfaction grows and festers. The "quit rate" in business today is remarkably low, indicating the the growing concern over security in this period of economic uncertainty is apparently keeping people in jobs the detest. These people are trading an uneasy security for an unhappy present, and it's a poor bargain for everyone concerned.

Dissatisfied or chronically unhappy employees always have one life-saving recourse open to them: They can quit troublesome job and look for something else more suitable. And that's relati what they should do the instant bitter ness or resentment toward their com of up pany becomes more important to the whom than doing their job. Even at a time when good jobs are admittedly hard econo come by in many fields, the act of looking and not finding anything bett of-mo might induce more positive feelings about a job you no longer find satis- member

fying. But there is one other step all work master ing men and women should take as the look for positive employment. People Toastn who find themselves consistently dis growth satisfied had better look inside their member own mental make-up for the trouble The sooner they discover some sense identif loyalty toward a job — exercising the membe own individuality, talents and ability attend with enthusiasm on behalf of the arrange business that provides them their in the club lihood — the sooner they will profit • Ma both financially and in terms of hap the mee ness and satisfaction. Otherwise, the name ba may well end up like the man in Abe the club Burrows' song:

"But what is your point of view?"

joine Worl that who vated ment that bers throu So

Re

An membe aged to

reachi

begins, each gu invited sitting n the dyn conclusio

hould

[&]quot;I have no point of view."

[&]quot;Supposing the company thinks. . .?"

[&]quot;I think so, too."

Joseph N. Bell's articles have appeared in a publicly major American magazines. As film critic Then, af The National Observer and entertain sponsor writer for the Christian Science Monit her gues the Los Angeles Times and several nation a cl magazines, he has covered the Hollywoods wasn't as for two decades. He has also written six boothe sale." and has taught non-fiction writing at the University of California, Irvine for the posclub shou tions fo. 12 years.

Deakers Forum

Q&A

istrategies for equiting New Members

How can a club encourage newcomers to join Toastmasters?

A strong, dynamic Toastmasters club must not only attract new members on a regular basis at must also retain them once they've method tattracting and retaining new

Raruit potential members. A recent told Headquarters survey revealed at two-thirds of the men and women to become Toastmasters are motified by a desire for career advancement. In the same survey we learned at over 85 percent of our new members first heard about Toastmasters mugh personal contact with friends, attives or co-workers.

bour market, by and large, consists upwardly mobile individuals for tom improved speaking ability can be whicle for professional growth and unomic gain. And the best method of whing that market is through word-mouth promotion.

An excellent means of stimulating embership growth is to urge each club ember to "bring a friend to Toastusters." Members should be encourable stress the relationship between using steps training and professional with when selling the benefits of club impership.

Extend a sincere invitation: Once you've entified someone as a prospective ember, personally invite him or her to tend your club's next meeting. Then range for a follow-up note or call from edub president or another officer.

Make every guest feel welcome. Before meeting, provide each guest with a me badge, and introduce all guests to club members. When the meeting ns, the president should welcome guest by name. The person who ted the guest should act as host, ing next to the guest and explaining dynamics of the meeting. At the dusion of the meeting, the president uld ask guests to comment, then licly invite them to join the club. n, after the meeting the "host" or nsor should personally invite his or guest to join. Often, a guest doesn't a club simply because he or she n't asked. It's crucial that you "close

Sign up new members efficiently. Your should maintain a supply of applicas for membership (Form 400);

they're available free from World Headquarters. When a new member joins, have him or her complete the application, then collect the new member service charge and dues. Next, mail the application and the proper fees to World Headquarters immediately! This will allow us to rush a kit of educational materials to the new member. In addition, assign an experienced Toastmaster to serve as a new member's advisor at the time the newcomer joins the club.

 Conduct a two-way orientation interview. Participants in this interview should include the new member, his or her advisor and the educational vice-president. First identify the new member's needs and/or wants. What does he or she expect to get out of Toastmasters? Then the educational vice-president should explain how the club can meet the new member's needs. The key is to be positive, friendly and enthusiastic. Finally, arrange for the new member's icebreaker to be given as soon as possible. It's essential that every new member be involved immediately in the club's programming!

• Hold an induction ceremony. This ceremony should be a brief but impressive ritual, which includes presentation of the Toastmasters lapel pin to the new member. In welcoming new members, the president should challenge each one to achieve the major goals of Toastmasters — CTM, ATM, DTM, Accredited Speaker, etc. Above all, make new members feel special. Why shouldn't they? They're Toastmasters!

Build Your Vocal Power

I've learned a great deal in Toastmasters about how to give a good speech, but the quality of my voice still leaves something to be desired. Can you tell me how to achieve the pleasing, effective tone I want?

Since your voice may have more impact on your success as a speaker than your appearance or even your words, you are spending your time well when you make an effort to improve the way you sound.

Each voice is distinguished by *timbre*. No musical instrument can compare with the human voice in possible variations of tones. But anyone can improve the quality of his or her voice because, anatomically, there is no difference between the larynx of a prima donna and that of someone who sounds like a crow.

Good posture does make a difference because a resonant voice depends on proper breathing. Many people breathe with only the upper part of the lungs. For a strong voice, and one that does not tire easily, you must breathe from the diaphragm, using the lower, larger areas of the lungs. If your voice is shallow and breathy, it may be because of faulty breathing.

Good voice production also requires a relaxed body and throat. Tenseness in any part of the body can cause the voice to become harsh and strident. Or it may become too high-pitched, losing effectiveness and power. If we try to relax, our voices will sound relaxed.

Your voice is a reflection of your inner self. Your reactions to people around you, national and sectional influences—even your state of mind—are reflected in your voice. Someone who really knows you can tell the condition of your health over the phone.

It's no wonder, then, that your voice is as important as what you say. We are all influenced by emotion, and a warm, friendly, pleasant voice will win people over.

Though physical characteristics may govern voice quality, psychological and personality factors are equally important. Voice training should go hand in hand with improving your personality. It's more difficult to improve a personality than to train a voice, but when you are cheerful, confident, outgoing and friendly, your voice will reflect these qualities.

In all your communications with others, you want your voice to express what is in your heart and mind. Your voice must be consistent with your message and it must be an accurate gauge of your feelings. In your voice, you should try to match the "music" to the lyrics.

These insights were contributed by Mary Frances Smith, a voice teacher and choir director who lives in Reno, Nevada.

Tactful Introductions

I am uncertain of the proper form of introduction for an unmarried couple who live together. At a Toastmasters meeting, am I correct in saying, "I would like to introduce my guest this evening, John Doe and his friend, Mary Smith?"

In our rapidly changing society, people are generally accepting of such relationships. Of course, tact and diplomacy should be your foremost considerations. Your manner of handling the introduction is certainly appropriate. By referring to a friendship, you avoid embarrassing your guests and will not alienate any members of the audience.

Hall of Fame

DTMs

Congratulations to these To astmasters who have received the Distinguished Toastmaster certificate, Toastmasters International's highest recognition.

Art Youmans, Jr. Keystone 3139-16, Tulsa, OK

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Otho L. Simmons Springfield 1792-36, Springfield, VA

Fred O. Ostendorf Verdugo Hills 434-52, Montrose, CA

Dr. John R. Fowler Kalmia 1239-58, Aiken, SC

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Akira T. Kuramata Westwinds 2436-F, West Covina, CA

James R. Enos Knotts Speak Easy 2495-F, Buena Park, CA Mukund Thakar Bechtel 3589-F, Norwalk, CA

Gregory C. Hill Speakeasy 3669-F, Pomona, CA

Donald B. Ward
Desert Wonderland 4062-F, Yucca Valley, CA

Henry J. Crowder TRW TM Club 990-1, Redondo Beach, CA

Allan P. Bangs Continental Park 1307-1, El Segundo, CA

Ann V. King Spacecom 3221-1, El Segundo, CA

Franklin McCrillis Totem 41-2, Seattle, WA

Jack McKinley Buce III Wallingford 252-2, Seattle, WA

William R. Elgin Kirkland Congregational 822-2, Kirkland, WA

Harry K. Wolfe Northeast 1161-2, Seattle, WA

Remy Van Hout Southcenter 4072-2, Tukwila, WA

Frank V. Rucker Bell Talk 204-3, Phoenix, AZ Richard E. Lattin

Richard E. Lattin Wiharu 350-3, Phoenix, AZ

James P. Lamb Municipal 801-3, Phoenix, AZ

Peg Hiesel Papago 2694-3, Phoenix, AZ

R.D. Emerson Easy Risers 2961-3, Scottsdale, AZ

Jack Griffith Park Central 3527-3, Phoenix, AZ

John W. Torphy Park Central 3527-3, Phoenix, AZ

Ernie R. Gorospe Daybreakers 1881-4, Daly City, CA

James K. Hooper TGIF Management 3328-4, Santa Clara, CA

John D. Love TGIF Management 3328-4, Santa Clara, CA

Charles M. Lequiv Los Gallos de la Bahia, 3400-4, Sunnyvale, CA

Tolly C. Martin DLI 3824-4, Monterey, CA

Marion G. Truesdale Courthouse 1886-5, San Diego, CA

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Ora

Rob

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Geor

Spea Sta.,

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Plaza

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Richar

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Rose P.

HDL 33

Ram Va

NBS 349

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Bailey Tiller
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Robert E. Martin Bend 2999-7, Bend, OR

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Pioneer 17-11, Indianapolis, IN

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Jesse L. Arnold 42-11, Indianapolis, IN

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Gayle A. Bradley

Monroeville 2954-13, Monroeville, PA

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Paul G. Smith Hercules 1252-15, Magna, UT Iohn W. Thomas

Bacchus 3791-15, Magna, UT

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Boot Hill 429-17, Billings, MT **David J. Krueger** Boot Hill 429-17, Billings, MT

Jose Chavez Seventy-Sixers 1376-17, Billings, MT

Constance Kirwan
Dover 2077-18, Dover, DE

Bertrand R. Adams Town and College 875-19, Ames, IA

Louis I. Mandle Jaycee 1529-19, Cedar Rapids, IA

Seymour A. Olson Lincoln 370-20, Fargo, ND Larry W. Traudt

Sunrise 2788-24, Lincoln, NE

THE TOASTMAPRIL 19

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Joseph R. Roche

Speakeasy 2208-56, Houston, TX

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1960 North Houston 2659-56, Houston, TX

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Martin H. Lawes

Auckland 3593-72, Auckland, NZ

David W. Mead

Auckland 3593-72, Auckland, NZ

Clyde Watts

Ri Konono 1687-U, Kwajalein, Guam

4425-2 The Way Inn Seattle, WA — Mon., 7:30 p.m., The Way Inn, 13043 Military Road, South (242-5926). Sponsored by Pro Master 240-2.

3088-4 The Talking Chips

Santa Clara, CA — Wed., noon, National Semiconductor Corp., 2900 Semiconductor Dr. (737-6437).

4424-4 Interest Makers

San Francisco, CA — Tues., 11:45 a.m., Comptroller of the Currency, 1 Market Plaza, Steuart St., Tower #2101 (556-3219). Sponsored by Crownmasters 1133-4.

4428-7 Wall Masters

Tigard, OR - Fri., 7 p.m., Kopper Kitchen, 7200 Hazel Fern (639-6577).

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Send your classified ad with a check or money order to Toastmasters International, Publications Department, 2200 N. Grand Ave., P.O. Box 10400, Santa Ana, CA 92711. Rates: \$25 minimum for 25 words, 80 cents for each word over minimum. Box numbers and phone numbers count as two words; zip codes and abbreviations count as one word each. Copy subject to editor's approval. Deadline: 10th of the second month preceding publication.

321-10 Professionally Speaking Willoughby, OH — Tues., Masiello's,

Willoughby, OH — Tues., Masiello's 35085 Euclid Ave. (523-7228).

4423-13 Deloitte Haskins & Sells

Pittsburgh, PA — Alt. Thurs., 11:40 a.m., Deloitte Haskins & Sells, 800 Two Galeway Center (263-6900). Sponsored by Dawn Patrol 1646-13.

4427-15 HP Speakeasies

Boise, ID — Tues., 7:30 a.m., Hewlett-Packard, 11311 Chinden Blvd. (376-6000, x 3126). Sponsored by Pioneer 2308-15.

2367-19 Fort Madison

Fort Madison, IA — Mon., 6:30 p.m., Lee County Bank Building, Eighth and Avenue F (837-6273).

2416-20 Speak Easy

Herman, MN — Wed., 6 p.m, Denny's Cafe (677-2489).

2042-23 Mountain Bell-"Ring" Masters El Paso, TX — Wed., noon, Mountain Bell Telephone Co., 11200 Pellicano (593-3060).

4429-23 Mountain Bell-Tele Toasters El Paso, TX — Tues., noon, Mountain Bell Telephone Co., 500 Texas Ave. (542-4475). Sponsored by Border Toasters 2127-23.

3185-37 Babcock

Winston-Salem, NC — Thurs., 1 p.m., Babcock Graduate School of Management, Wake Forest University (761-5412).

4430-43 Crack O'Dawn

North Little Rock, AR — Wed., 7 a.m., Sambo's, North Park Mall (372-7777). Sponsored by Twin City 1142-43.

3345-58 Marlowe One

Florence, SC — 2nd & 4th Mon., noon, Marlowe Mfg. Co., Marlowe Ave. (662-9323).

2153-65 The Owaghena Toastmasters Cazenovia, NY — Tues., 6:30 p.m., Peachy Keane's Restaurant, 63 Albany St. (655-2373).

3454-66 Speakeasy

Richmond, VA — Mon., 6 p.m., That Steak Place, 6445 Midlothian Turnpike.

1754-U Apollo Portunus

Gander, Newfoundland, Can — Mon., 6 p.m., Holiday Inn, Corner Caldwell & Elizabeth (651-3826).

2712-U Iloilo Executives

Iloilo City, Philippines — Wed., 6 p.m., La Veranda, Delgado St.

4422-U WENDY

Guadalajara, Jalisco, Mexico — Wed., 6 p.m., Grupo Wendy, S.A., Calz. Gobernador Curiel #1538 (36 122-041).

4426-U Chinatown

Manila, Philippines — Wed., 7 p.m., UNO Restaurant, Florentino St. Sponsored by Byanihan 2844-U and Pilipians 4255-U.

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15 Years

Clubways 3048-F, Long Beach, CA ATSC 2078-14, Chamblee, GA Greater Bossier 2251-25, Bossier City.l Palatka 2310-47, Palatka, FL Exec. TM Breakfast Club 3622-52, Gle CA

Blacksburg 3351-66, Blacksburg, VA Newcastle 1121-70, Newcastle, NSW, Orleans 3510-U, Orleans, France

10 Years

Francisco 2369-4, San Jose, CA
Carlsbad-Oceanside 47-5, Carlsbad, Cearly Bird 3386-24, Columbus, NE
Statesmen 871-26, Denver, CO
Uniroyal Masters 2357-28, Detroit, M
Great Eastern 3879-28, Toledo, OH
Whaling City 1172-31, New Bedford,
Triple-Crown 176-36, Bowie, MD
Buffalo Valley 2643-38, Lewisburg, N
Lincoln Trail 634-54, Danville, IL
Pioneerland 3919-54, Monticello, IL
Greenwood 216-58, Greenwood, SC
Main 3519-69, Brisbane, Qld., Aust
Oamaru 1821-72, Oamaru, NZ

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The Evolution of a Successful Convention

Select an exciting city, book a hotel nd set aside. Four years later, take 200 Toastmasters and their wives, ix with 10 of the nation's top rofessional speakers, blend with a ozen Toastmasters serving as anelists, sprinkle in a hundred or ore hard-working host district olunteers, add 23 dedicated board embers, a dance band and singing oup, and season with a little polis. Place in a well-equipped, welltaffed hotel, and assign a trained saff of 10 from Santa Ana to watch wer the mixture until it simmers. serve for four days, fly all ingrelients home, and begin planning mother recipe for the following year! That essentially is the process of lanning and organizing a Toastmasters International Convention. Is a very involved procedure inolving hundreds of dedicated people, with inside and outside the organizaion, and the orchestration of many

Although I've been a part of our international conventions since 1976, I didn't realize how much advance preparation was involved until I was told to "take charge" of last year's Milwaukee Convention.

I discovered that it takes a tremendous amount of lead time to make the best possible arrangements. Booking 500 or more rooms, plus all the meeting space in a hotel, isn't done as casually as you would reserve aroom overnight at the Holiday Inn; we must work four years ahead in selecting our sites. We just recently completed our site selection for the 1984 convention, which will take us to Orlando, Florida for the first time. This summer, in conjunction with the June regional conferences, Executive Director Terrence McCann and I will visit major cities in Region VI to investigate locations for the 1985 convention. Preliminary research to determine sites for 1986 (Pacific

Northwest, Region I) and 1987 (Upper Midwest and Central Canada) are already underway.

Incidentally, if you want to make your long-range plans for the next few Augusts, we will be in Philadelphia in 1982 (August 18-21 at the Franklin Plaza Hotel) and San Diego in 1983 (August 17-20 at the Sheraton Harbor Island). The 1984 Orlando Convention will be August 22-25 at the Sheraton Twin Towers.

Planning ahead is a must because hotels book their convention space years in advance. But the need for such long-range planning, coupled with the phenomenal growth of our organization, makes the task of putting together an international convention especially challenging.

We recently were faced with the need to relocate an upcoming convention because new attendance projections showed we had already outgrown the previously selected hotel. Fortunately, some quick footwork paid off, and we found a new hotel just about to open with twice the accommodations of the first.

But cities and hotels don't make a convention — people do. As soon as we wrapped up the Milwaukee convention last August, plans were put in motion for this year's Phoenix convention. After traveling to Phoenix last October for meetings with the officers of Host District 3 and the Hyatt Hotel staff, a good deal of what you'll see this August began to take shape.

District Governor Ralph McKenzie and his dedicated group of volunteers are already lining up a band and color guard for the opening ceremonies, a convention organist, tours for delegates, local publicity and tourist materials to help delegates make the most of their stay in the Valley of the Sun.

Working with the Hyatt Hotel staff, we plotted out the meeting

space for each event, studied traffic patterns throughout the hotel, found areas to use for registration, ticket exchange and hospitality and planned menus for each banquet meal. And all that was done in just two days.

Back in Santa Ana, the educational program begins to take shape. Speakers, both within and outside Toastmasters, are contacted. A few give their regrets, but most accept. Panel presentations are planned and organized. Materials are ordered from Phoenix suppliers such as florists, recording services and flag rental companies. Information for the convention program is pieced together, and a day-by-day, event-by-event script is created.

Step by step, during the spring and summer, the convention continues to take shape. By late July, the first truckload of awards, programs, handouts, displays and other convention materials leaves World Headquarters. As more materials roll off the printing presses, additional shipments are dispatched.

Meanwhile, in periodic staff meetings, every phase of the convention is carefully reviewed. Audio-visual needs are taken care of and detailed room charts made for each event.

It all boils down to this: A lot of people put a lot of time and effort into presenting the best possible international convention. But you're the one we do it all for, and it won't be the same if you're not there to share it with us!

Colan Japan

Alan LaGreen

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